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# Novel Rail Pads for Improved Noise Reduction and Reduced Track Maintenance

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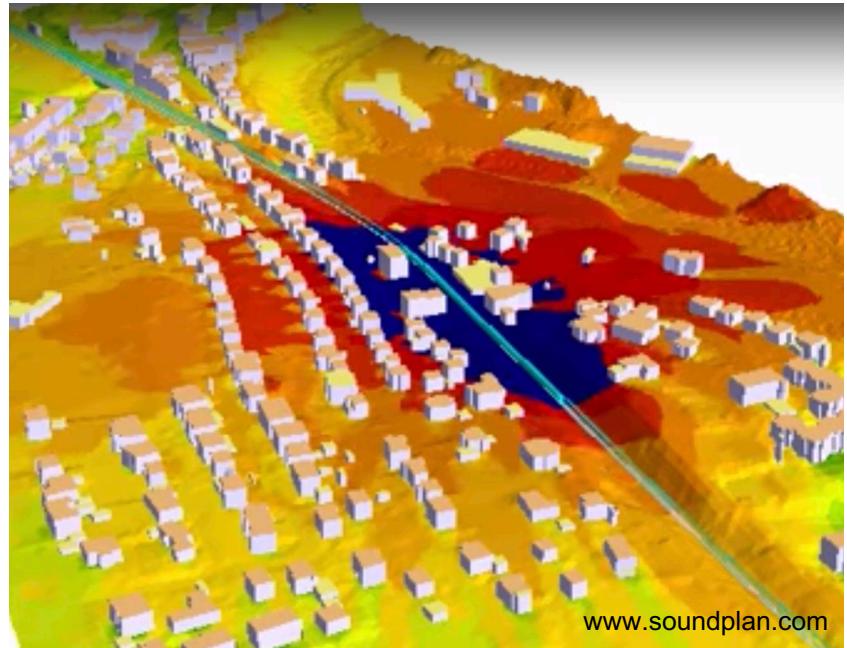
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**FORUM '21**

Prof. Holger Frauenrath, EPFL

# Novel Rail Pads: Background and Motivation

- population and urban rail network densities are increasing rapidly
- trains passing by can reach noise levels of up to 100 dB
- rail pads have reciprocal effect on superstructure protection and
- noise emissions
- **solutions needed to reduce noise emissions and improve superstructure protection**



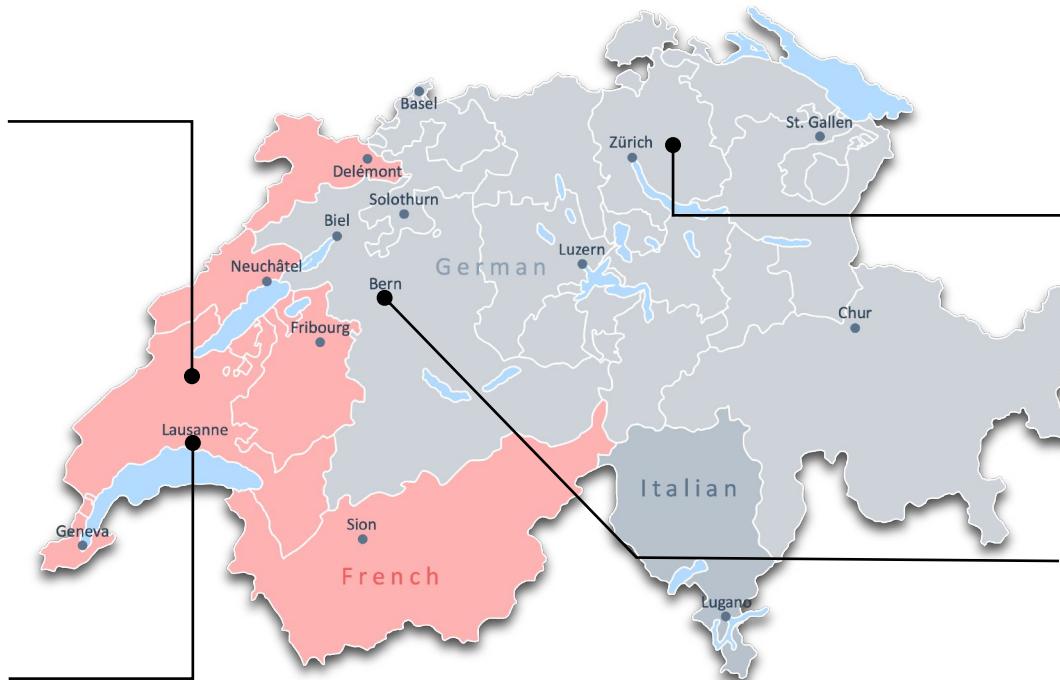


# A Multidisciplinary Team

EPFL

HE VD  
IG

EPFL



Empa

Materials Science and Technology

SBB CFF FFS



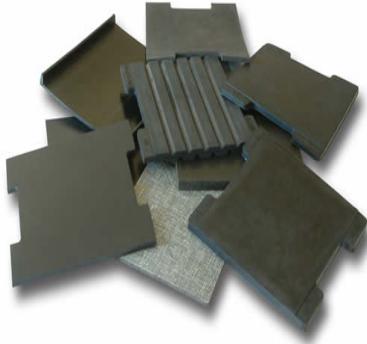


# Project Premises and Goals

EPFL

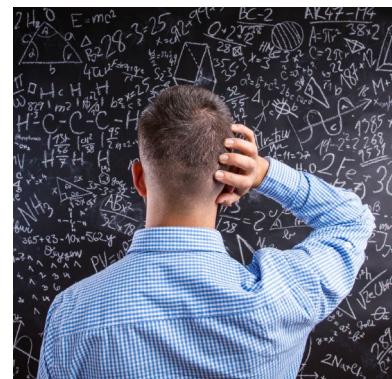
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combined noise reduction &  
superstructure protection  
cannot be obtained from optimal  
single-material pads



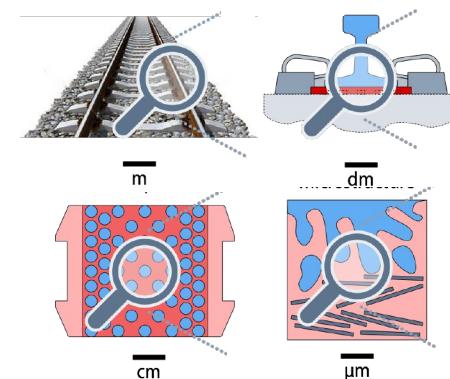
2

understand relationships of  
materials properties, rail pad  
mechanics, and railway track  
acoustics



3

consider structure & function  
of **rail/pad/sleeper system across**  
**multiple length scales** and  
structural levels



high-damping multi-material rail pads for combined noise reductions and superstructure protection



# Testing and Modeling at Different Length-Scales and Structure Levels

experiment



materials properties

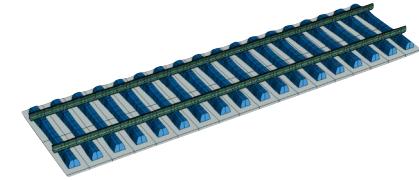
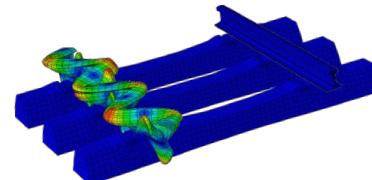
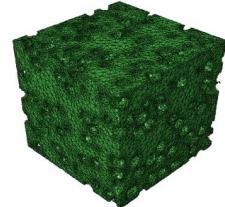


component properties



system performance

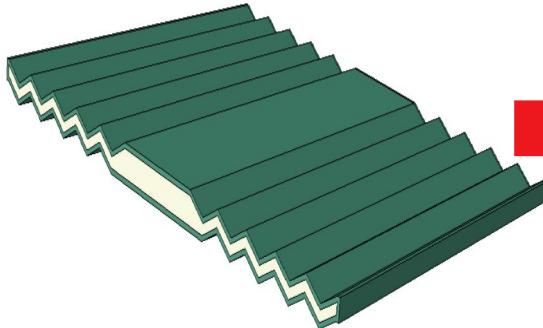
modeling



toolchain of **modeling** and **experimental testing** covering materials properties (polymers), component properties (rail, pad, sleeper, fastening system) and the entire system (acoustic/mechanic field testing)

# Rail Pad Design, Prototype Production and Testing

design and modelling



mold design and prototyping



mechanical testing



**experimentally validated materials rheology models**, used for development of new rail pad designs  
experimental testing of selected geometries, with damping materials to reduce vibrations that cause noise

# Laboratory-Scale Development Using a Three-Sleeper Unit Cell

experiment



three-sleeper cell

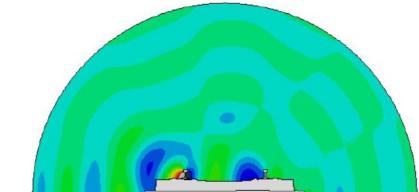
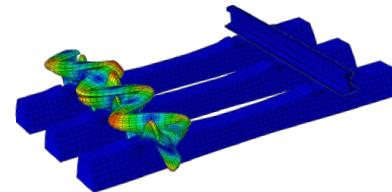
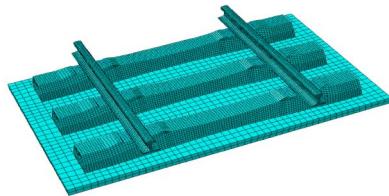


dynamic response



acoustic response

modeling

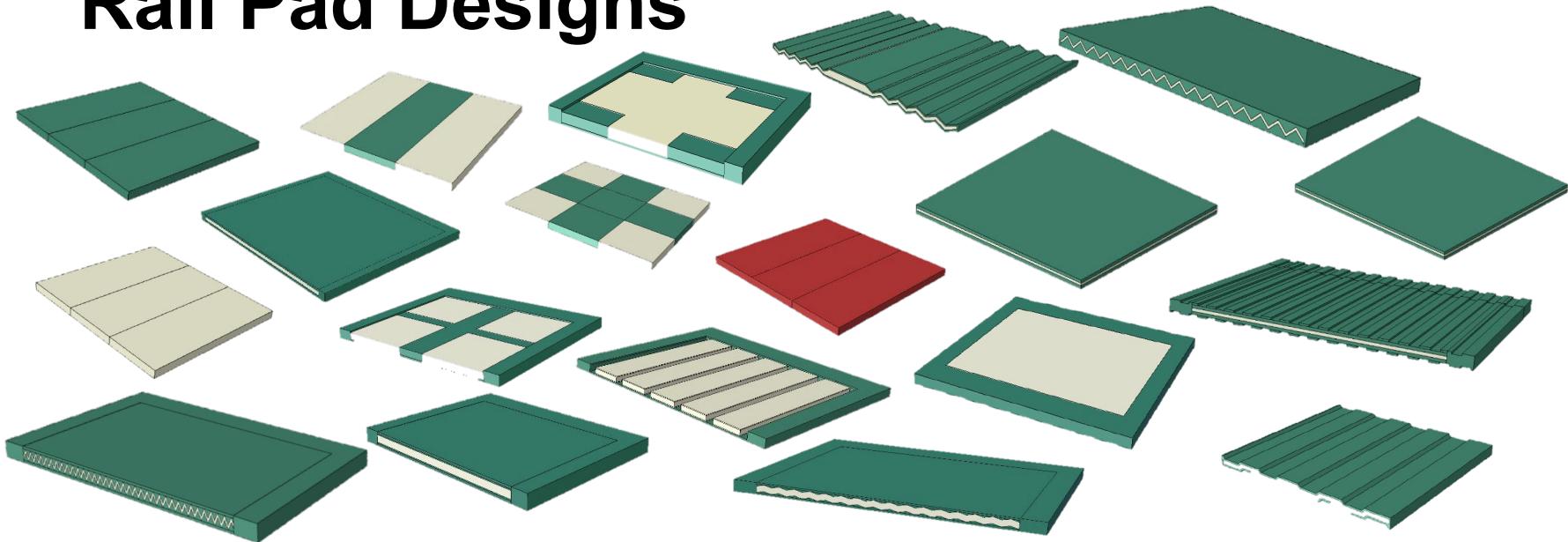


**rigorous modeling of vibrational and acoustic properties** of tracks equipped with the new rail pads  
**experimentally tested and validated** at the laboratory scale using a three-sleeper sub-cell



# A Library of Multi-Material Rail Pad Designs

EPFL



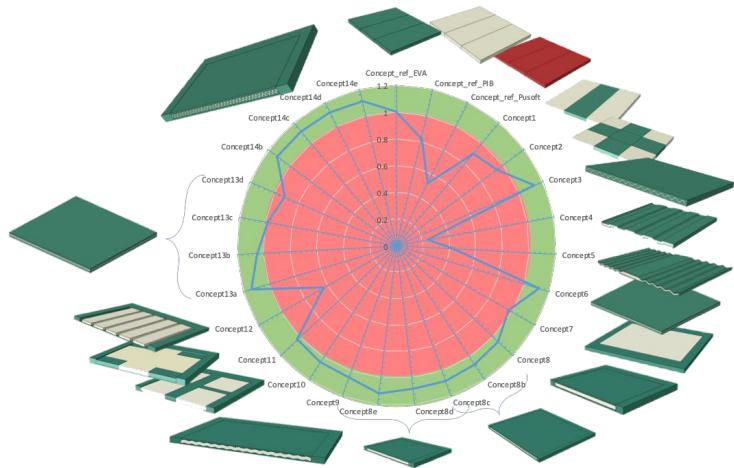
iterative modeling and testing of many new designs of multi-material rail pads



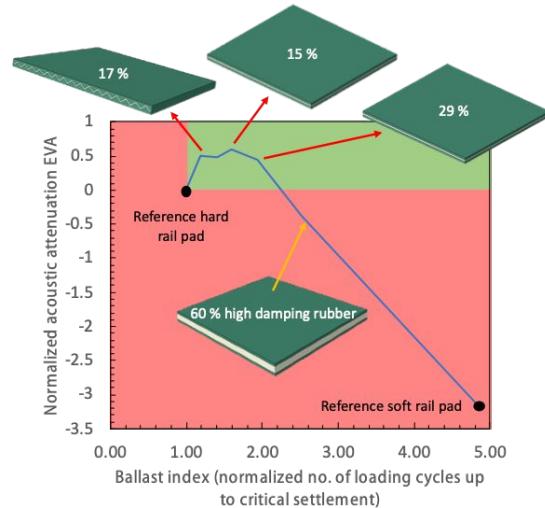


# Rail Pad Performance Optimization EPFL

figure of merit  
for noise radiation



Pareto diagram: noise & track  
protection performance

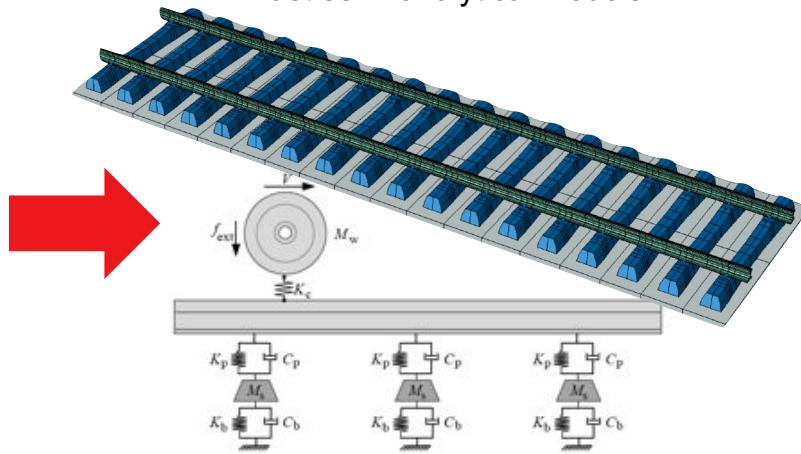


iterative performance optimization at three-sleeper scale with respect to both noise and track protection

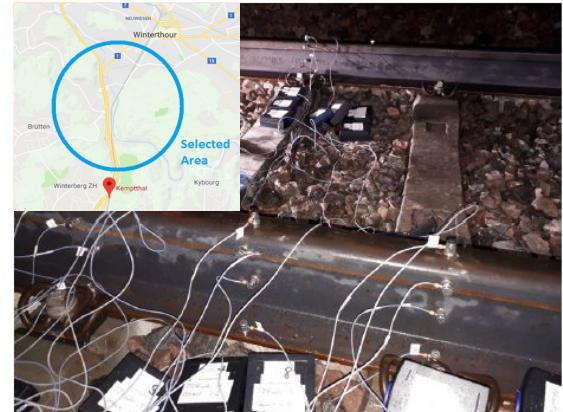


# Full-Scale Track Simulation and Field-Testing

numerical full-track models  
fast semi-analytical models



field measurements  
track dynamics, train pass-by noise



performance of most promising designs assessed using **numerical / semi-analytical full track models**  
**validation from field tests** with reference rail pads, to be followed by **scale-up for final field testing**



# Conclusions and Outlook

EPFL

- comprehensive characterization (physical-chemical, rheological, mechanical) of existing and prospective rail pad materials
- experimental set-ups implemented for laboratory analysis of mechanical and acoustic response at different length-scales up to three-sleeper cell
- corresponding simulation methods (finite element and analytical models) implemented and extended to full system after verification at laboratory scale
- platform established for parametric studies of effect of materials properties and geometry on track response at different levels
- **optimized prototype designs combine optimum noise performance with reduced stiffness for improved ballast protection**
- **scale-up of prototype production and field testing planned for 2022**

